

RIPSTOP FLO-SHIELD™ BARRIER FABRIC USED IN SURGICAL LINENS

“Ripstop barrier fabric is not impervious to fluids and should not be used in situations where fabric must be impervious. Care instructions must be followed to maintain the fluid resistant properties of the fabric.”

WASH INSTRUCTIONS

	Operation	Time	Water Level	Water Temp	Supplies
1	Flush	3 min	High	Cold	
2	Flush	3 min	High	Cold	
3	Break	10 min	Low	160° F	Non-ionic Detergent Alkali
4	Rinse	3 min	High	140° F	
5	Extract	3 min			
6	Rinse	2 min	High	120° F	
7	Rinse	2 min	High	100° F	
8	Rinse	2 min	High	Cold	
9	Sour	5 min	Low	Cold	Sour to PH 6.0
10	Extract	3-5 min			

- 1 All new products must be laundered prior to use.
- 2 Two flushes in cold water should remove blood. For heavily set blood stains, it may be necessary to soak overnight with an enzyme in cold water.
- 3 The nonionic surfactant should have a cloud point above 160° F.
- 4 Caution: PH should not exceed 10.0.
- 5 BNAAF barrier fabrics have stain resistant properties; therefore, bleaching should not be necessary. However, if a chlorine bleach is used, use an antichlor in the second rinse.
- 6 Caution: Always insure that no chlorine remains in fabrics after washing.
- 7 Caution: A thorough rinse is essential to remove all surfactants. Residual surfactants will adversely affect the repellent properties of these barrier fabrics.
- 8 Caution: Do not overload washer or dryer. This will insure a more thorough washing and drying process.
- 9 Fabric Softeners are NOT recommended for use with these fabrics.
- 10 "Remove fabric from dryer or autoclave promptly when done."
- 11 Caution: Always insure fabric is thoroughly dried with heat. Dryer exhaust temperature should not exceed 170° F.
- 12 Washers and Dryers should be inspected regularly to insure there are no rough spots that could damage fabrics.